Tilt lakes, also known as tilted lakes or asymmetric lakes, are a rare and unique geological feature. They are lakes that have been tilted or rotated from their original position, often due to tectonic activity or other geological processes.

Examples of tilt lakes:

1. Lake Tahoe (California/Nevada, USA): A famous example of a tilt lake, formed by faulting and tectonic activity.

2. Lake Baikal (Russia): The world's largest and deepest freshwater lake, which has been tilted due to tectonic activity.

3. Lake Vostok (Antarctica): A subglacial lake that has been tilted due to ice sheet movement and tectonic activity.

EXAMPLES OF TILT LAKES IN UGANDA

Uganda has several tilt lakes, primarily located in the western and southwestern regions.

1. Lake Bunyonyi: A deep, narrow lake in southwestern Uganda, known for its tilted shape and stunning scenery.

2. Lake Mutanda: A small, tilted lake in southwestern Uganda, surrounded by rolling hills and scenic landscapes.

3. Lake Mulehe: A tilted lake in western Uganda, part of the Kigezi lakes region.

4. Lake Kayumbu: A small, tilted lake in western Uganda, near the town of Kasese.

5. Lake Nshenyi: A tilted lake in southwestern Uganda, known for its unique shape and scenic surroundings.